

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS AUSTIN

GROVER SELLERS
ATTORNEY GENERAL

Honorable Donald Allums County Auditor Hardin County Kountse, Texas

Dear Siri

Opinion No. 0-5768

No: Whether Article 6594 and Article 6597 require county clerks to keep two separate books to comply with said statutes.

Your latter of December 22, 1943, requesting the opinion of this department regarding the above stated matter reads in part as follows:

Article 6594 R.C.B. provides that when any instrument in writing authorised of law to be recorded shall be deposited in the office of the county clerk, the clerk shall enter in a book to be provided for that purpose, alphabetical order, the manes of the parties and date and nature thereof, and his time of delivery for record, etc. ARD article 0597 R.C.A. provides the each county clerk shall keep in alphabetical order a well bound index to all bodys of records wherein deeds, powers of attorney, surranges or other instruments of writing emocrating lands and tenements are recorded, etc.

Please advise whether it is the opinion of that Department that to semply with the above two articles, it is necessary for the clerk to have two books. One to comply with article 6594 and another to comply article 6597. Or may the requirements of both articles be complied with by using only one book, if all previsions incorporated in these two articles are arranged and covered in one book only?

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Article 6594, V.A.C.S. provides:

When any instrument of writing authorised by law to be recorded shall be deposited in the county elerk's office for record, as the same is acknowledged or approved in the manner prescribed by law for record, the elerk shall enter in a book to be provided for that purpose, in alphabetic order, the names of the parties and date and nature thereof, and the time of delivery for record; and shall give to the person depositing the same, if required, a receipt specifying the particulars thereof."

Artisle 6597, V.A.C.S. reads as follows:

Rach county elerk shall keep in alphabetic erder a well bound index to all books of records wherein deeds, powers of attermey, mortgages or ether instruments of writing edheerning lands and temestate are recorded, distinguishing the books and pages in which every such deed or writing is recorded.

It will be noted that Article 6594, expressly provides that the elerk shall enter into a book to be provided for that purpose, in alphabetic, the names of the parties and the date and mature thereof, and the time of delivery for recent when any instrument of writing authorized by law to be recented shall be deposited in the sounty elerk's office for recent, if the same is acknowledged or preved in the namer presented by law for recent. The language of this statute strongly indicates that a separate book must be provided and kept for the purpose required by said Article. Apparently this statute imposes the duty upon the clerk to first and at mose enter the instrument on the file register and then enter it upon the recents. The book provided and kept for the purpose required by Article 6594 is sometimes called the "File Register".

Article 6597 requires the county clerk to keep in alphabetic order a well bound index to all books of records

wherein deeds, powers of attorney, mortgages or other instruments of writing concerning land and tenements are recorded, distinguishing the books and pages in which every such deed or writing is recorded.

In the case of Throckmorton, et al. vs. Price, et al., 26 Texas Reports, 606, the Court had under consideration certain registration statutes similar to the ones under construction and said:

wish to examine the office to ascertain what instruments have been deposited for record, it is also made the duty of the elerk (0, & W. Art. 1707) when any instrument has been deposited for record, to enter in alphabetical order, in a book to be provided for that purpose, the names of the parties to such instrument, the date and nature thereof, and the time of its delivery for record. And, as a further facility and security for persons wishing to make an examination in the office of the recorder for instruments required by law to be recorded, the clerk, after recording any such instrument, is directed to enter the same in the index books which he is required to keep of recorded instruments."

After earefully considering the foregoing statutes it is our epinion that it was contemplated by the Legislature when exacting the foregoing statutes that the county clerk should have two separate books, one for the purpose required by Article 6594 and one for the purpose required by Article 6597.

PPROVEDJAN 1/7, 1944

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

Yours very truly

ATTORIEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

By andell Williams

Ardell Villiams Assistant

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